

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## **1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Product Name: Techalloy® 617 Product Size: 1/8" (3.2 mm)

#### Other means of identification SDS number: 20000001980

#### Recommended use and restriction on use Recommended use: GTAW (Gas Tungsten Arc Welding) Restrictions on use: Not known. Read this SDS before using this product.

#### Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information

| Company Name:   | The Lincoln Electric Company  |
|-----------------|---|
| Address:        | 22801 Saint Clair Avenue  |
|                 | Cleveland, Ohio 44117   |
|                 | USA   |
| Telephone:      | +1 (216) 481-8100   |
| Contact Person: | Safety Data Sheet Questions: www.lincolnelectric.com/sds  |
|                 | Arc Welding Safety Information: www.lincolnelectric.com/safety  |
| Company Name:   | The Lincoln Electric Company of Canada LP   |
| Address:        | 179 Wicksteed Avenue  |
|                 | Toronto, Ontario M4G 2B9  |
|                 | Canada  |
| Telephone:      | 4 (110) 101 0000  |
| reiepriorie.    | +1 (416) 421-2600   |
| Contact Person: | +1 (416) 421-2600<br>Safety Data Sheet Questions: www.lincolnelectric.com/sds<br>Arc Welding Safety Information: www.lincolnelectric.com/safety |

#### **Emergency telephone number:**

| +1 (888) 609-1762 |
|-------------------|
| +1 (216) 383-8962 |
| +1 (216) 383-8966 |
| +1 (216) 383-8969 |
|                   |

#### 3E Company Access Code: 333988

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS), The United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration's Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), Canada's Hazardous Product Regulations and Mexico's Harmonized System for the Identification and Communication of Hazards and Risks from Hazardous Chemicals in the Workplace.

| Hazard Classification            | Not classified as hazardous according to applicable GHS hazard classification criteria. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Label Elements<br>Hazard Symbol: | No symbol   |
| Signal Word:                     | No signal word.   |
| Hazard Statement:                | Not applicable  |
| Precautionary                    | Not applicable  |



#### Statements:

| Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification: | Electrical Shock can kill. If welding must be performed in damp locations or<br>with wet clothing, on metal structures or when in cramped positions such as<br>sitting, kneeling or lying, or if there is a high risk of unavoidable or<br>accidental contact with work piece, use the following equipment:<br>Semiautomatic DC Welder, DC Manual (Stick) Welder, or AC Welder with<br>Reduced Voltage Control. |
|--|---|
|  | Arc rays can injure eyes and burn skin. Welding arc and sparks can ignite combustibles and flammable materials. Overexposure to welding fumes and gases can be hazardous. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, Safety Data Sheets and the precautionary labels before using this product. Refer to Section 8.   |
| Substance(s) formed under the conditions of use:         | The welding fume produced from this welding electrode may contain the following constituent(s) and/or their complex metallic oxides as well as solid  |

Substance(s) formed under the conditions of use: The welding fume produced from this welding electrode may contain the following constituent(s) and/or their complex metallic oxides as well as solid particles or other constituents from the consumables, base metal, or base metal coating not listed below.

| Chemical Identity | CAS-No.    |
|-------------------|------------|
| Carbon dioxide    | 124-38-9   |
| Carbon monoxide   | 630-08-0   |
| Nitrogen dioxide  | 10102-44-0 |
| Ozone             | 10028-15-6 |
| Chromium (VI)     | 18540-29-9 |
| Nickel            | 7440-02-0  |
| Chromium oxide    | 1308-38-9  |

## 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### **Reportable Hazardous Ingredients**

#### **Mixtures**

| Chemical Identity                                 | CAS number | Content in percent (%)* |
|---|------------|-------------------------|
| Nickel  | 7440-02-0  | 50 - <100%              |
| Chromium and chromium alloys or compounds (as Cr) | 7440-47-3  | 20 - <50%               |
| Cobalt and compounds (as Co)                      | 7440-48-4  | 10 - <20%               |
| Molybdenum  | 7439-98-7  | 5 - <10%                |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum alloys (as Al)           | 7429-90-5  | 1 - <5%                 |
| Iron  | 7439-89-6  | 1 - <5%                 |
| Manganese   | 7439-96-5  | 0.1 - <1%               |
| Titanium  | 7440-32-6  | 0.1 - <1%               |
| Silicon   | 7440-21-3  | 0.1 - <1%               |
| Copper and/or copper alloys and compounds (as Cu) | 7440-50-8  | 0.1 - <1%               |

\* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

#### **Composition Comments:**

The term "Hazardous Ingredients" should be interpreted as a term defined in Hazard Communication standards and does not necessarily imply the existence of a welding hazard. The product may contain additional nonhazardous ingredients or may form additional compounds under the



condition of use. Refer to Sections 2 and 8 for more information.

| 4. FIRST AID MEASURES                        |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Ingestion:                                   | Avoid hand, clothing, food, and drink contact with fluxes, metal fume or<br>powder which can cause ingestion of particulate during hand to mouth<br>activities such as drinking, eating, smoking, etc. If ingested, do not induce<br>vomiting. Contact a poison control center. Unless the poison control center<br>advises otherwise, wash out mouth thoroughly with water. If symptoms<br>develop, seek medical attention at once.   |  |
| Inhalation:                                  | Move to fresh air if breathing is difficult. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance at once.   |  |
| Skin Contact:                                | Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water. For reddened or blistered skin, or thermal burns, obtain medical assistance at once.  |  |
| Eye contact:                                 | Dust or fume from this product should be flushed from the eyes with copious amounts of clean, tepid water until transported to an emergency medical facility. Do not allow victim to rub or keep eyes tightly closed. Obtain medical assistance at once.   |  |
|  | Arc rays can injure eyes. If exposed to arc rays, move victim to dark room, remove contact lenses as necessary for treatment, cover eyes with a padded dressing and rest. Obtain medical assistance if symptoms persist.   |  |
| Most important symptoms/effects<br>Symptoms: | <ul> <li>acute and delayed</li> <li>Short-term (acute) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and<br/>allied processes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever,<br/>dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May<br/>aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema).</li> <li>Long-term (chronic) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and<br/>allied processes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central<br/>nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects. Refer to<br/>Section 11 for more information.</li> </ul> |  |
| Hazards:                                     | The hazards associated with welding and its allied processes such as<br>soldering and brazing are complex and may include physical and health<br>hazards such as but not limited to electric shock, physical strains, radiation<br>burns (eye flash), thermal burns due to hot metal or spatter and potential<br>health effects of overexposure to fumes, gases or dusts potentially<br>generated during the use of this product. Refer to Section 11 for more<br>information.   |  |
| Indication of immediate medical a Treatment: | ttention and special treatment needed<br>Treat symptomatically.  |  |

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### **General Fire Hazards:**

As shipped, this product is nonflammable. However, welding arc and sparks as well as open flames and hot surfaces associated with brazing and soldering can ignite combustible and flammable materials. Read and understand American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety in Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" and National Fire Protection Association NFPA 51B, "Standard for Fire Prevention during Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work" before using this product.



## Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

| Suitable extinguishing media:  | As shipped, the product will not burn. In case of fire in the surroundings: use appropriate extinguishing agent.   |
|--|--|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media:  | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.   |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical:                              | Welding arc and sparks can ignite combustibles and flammable products.   |
| Special protective equipment and<br>Special fire fighting<br>procedures: | <b>precautions for firefighters</b><br>Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other<br>involved materials.   |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:                          | Selection of respiratory protection for fire fighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| Personal precautions,<br>protective equipment and<br>emergency procedures: | If airborne dust and/or fume is present, use adequate engineering controls and, if needed, personal protection to prevent overexposure. Refer to recommendations in Section 8.  |
|--|---|
| Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:                      | Absorb with sand or other inert absorbent. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the personal protective equipment in Section 8. Avoid generating dust. Prevent product from entering any drains, sewers or water sources. Refer to Section 13 for proper disposal. |
| Environmental Precautions:   | Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Environmental manager must be informed of all major spillages.   |

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

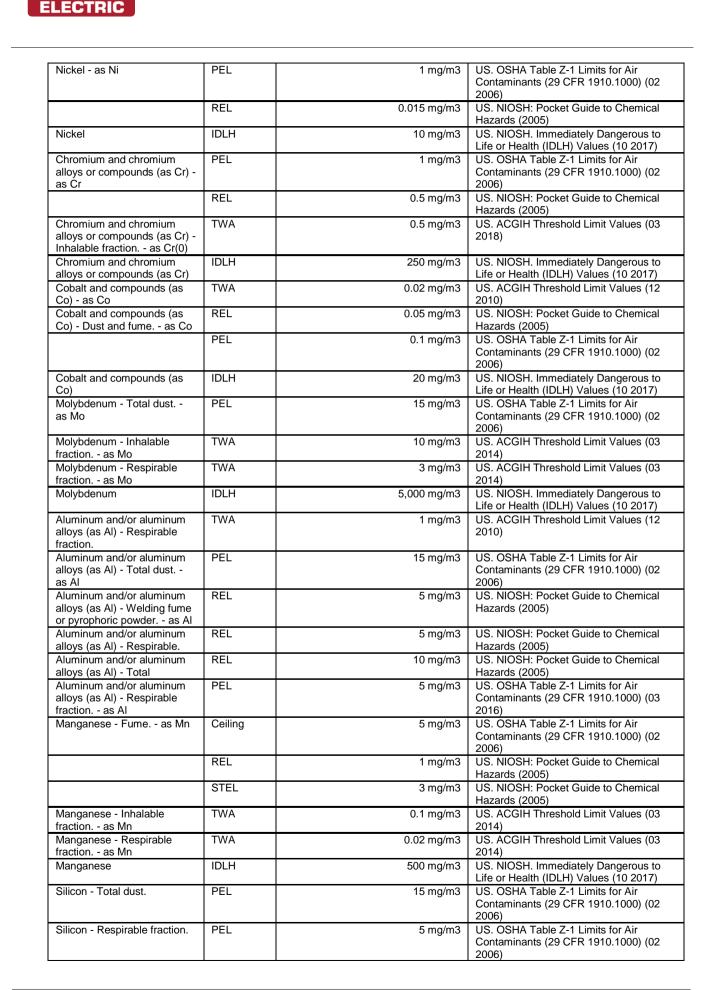
| Precautions for safe handling:                                | Prevent formation of dust. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.  |
|---|---|
|   | Read and understand the manufacturer's instruction and the precautionary<br>label on the product. Refer to Lincoln Safety Publications at<br>www.lincolnelectric.com/safety. See American National Standard Z49.1,<br>"Safety In Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" published by the<br>American Welding Society, http://pubs.aws.org and OSHA Publication 2206<br>(29CFR1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, www.gpo.gov. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: | Store in closed original container in a dry place. Store in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Store away from incompatible materials.  |

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control Parameters**

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits: US**

| Chemical Identity            | Туре | Exposure Limit Values | Source                                     |
|------------------------------|------|-----------------------|--|
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction. | TWA  | 1.5 mg/m3             | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010) |



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| Silicon - Respirable.   | REL  | 5 mg/m3   | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2005)                             |
|---|------|-----------|---|
| Silicon - Total   | REL  | 10 mg/m3  | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2005)                             |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Dust and mist as Cu | TWA  | 1 mg/m3   | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)  |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Fume as Cu          | TWA  | 0.2 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)  |
|   | REL  | 0.1 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2016)                             |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Dust and mist as Cu | REL  | 1 mg/m3   | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2016)                             |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Fume as Cu          | PEL  | 0.1 mg/m3 | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006) |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Dust and mist as Cu | PEL  | 1 mg/m3   | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006) |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu)                          | IDLH | 100 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to<br>Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)     |

## Occupational Exposure Limits: Canada

| Chemical Identity Type  |               | Exposure Limit Values | Source  |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|---|
| Nickel  | TWA           | 1.5 mg/m3             | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|   | TWA           | 0.05 mg/m3            | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (05 2013) |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction.                                    | TWA           | 1.5 mg/m3             | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction<br>as Ni                            | 8 HR ACL      | 1.5 mg/m3             | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|   | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 3 mg/m3               | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|   | TWA           | 1 mg/m3               | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (06 2015)  |
| Nickel  | TWA           | 1 mg/m3               | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Chromium and chromium<br>alloys or compounds (as Cr) -<br>as Cr | TWA           | 0.5 mg/m3             | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
| Chromium and chromium alloys or compounds (as Cr)               | TWA           | 0.5 mg/m3             | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
| Chromium and chromium<br>alloys or compounds (as Cr) -<br>as Cr | TWA           | 0.5 mg/m3             | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (11 2010)  |
|   | 8 HR ACL      | 0.5 mg/m3             | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|   | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 1.5 mg/m3             | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Chromium and chromium alloys or compounds (as Cr)               | TWA           | 0.5 mg/m3             | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |



| Chromium and chromium<br>alloys or compounds (as Cr) -<br>Inhalable fraction as Cr(0) | TWA           | 0.5 mg/m3  | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2018)  |
|---|---------------|------------|---|
| Cobalt and compounds (as<br>Co) - as Co   | TWA           | 0.02 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|   | TWA           | 0.02 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
|   | TWA           | 0.02 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
|   | TWA           | 0.02 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (11 2010)  |
|   | 8 HR ACL      | 0.02 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|   | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 0.06 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|   | TWA           | 0.02 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labo<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)   |
| Molybdenum - Inhalable  | TWA           | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
| Molybdenum - Respirable.  | TWA           | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
| Molybdenum - Inhalable<br>fraction as Mo  | TWA           | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (11 2010)  |
|   | 8 HR ACL      | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Molybdenum - Respirable<br>fraction as Mo   | 8 HR ACL      | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Molybdenum - Inhalable<br>fraction as Mo  | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 20 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Molybdenum - Respirable<br>fraction as Mo   | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 6 mg/m3    | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|   | TWA           | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
| Molybdenum - Inhalable<br>fraction as Mo  | TWA           | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
| Molybdenum - Respirable<br>fraction as Mo   | TWA           | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (06 2015)  |
| Molybdenum - as Mo  | TWA           | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labo<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)   |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum<br>alloys (as Al) - Pyrophoric<br>powder as Al               | TWA           | 5 mg/m3    | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum alloys (as Al) - Dust.                                       | TWA           | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum alloys (as Al) - Respirable.                                 | TWA           | 1 mg/m3    | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for   |



|   |               |            | Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007)  |
|---|---------------|------------|---|
| Aluminum and/or aluminum alloys (as Al) - Respirable fraction.          | TWA           | 1 mg/m3    | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
|   | TWA           | 1 mg/m3    | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (11 2010)  |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum<br>alloys (as Al) - Pyrophoric<br>powder as Al | 8 HR ACL      | 5 mg/m3    | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum<br>alloys (as Al) - Dust as Al                 | 8 HR ACL      | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum<br>alloys (as Al) - Pyrophoric<br>powder as Al | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum<br>alloys (as Al) - Dust as Al                 | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 20 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum alloys (as Al)                                 | TWA           | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum<br>alloys (as Al) - as Al                      | TWA           | 5 mg/m3    | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum<br>alloys (as Al) - Welding fume.<br>- as Al   | TWA           | 5 mg/m3    | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Manganese - as Mn   | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|   | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
|   | 8 HR ACL      | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|   | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 0.6 mg/m3  | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Manganese - Respirable<br>fraction as Mn                                | TWA           | 0.02 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
| Manganese - Inhalable<br>fraction as Mn                                 | TWA           | 0.1 mg/m3  | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
| Manganese - as Mn   | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (06 2015)  |
| Manganese - Fume, total<br>dust as Mn                                   | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Silicon - Total dust.   | TWA           | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (07 2010)  |
| Silicon   | 8 HR ACL      | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|   | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 20 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Silicon - Total dust.   | TWA           | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Fume.         | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |



| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Dust and mist as Cu | TWA           | 1 mg/m3   | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|---|---------------|-----------|---|
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Fume as Cu          | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Dust and mist as Cu | TWA           | 1 mg/m3   | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
|   | TWA           | 1 mg/m3   | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Fume as Cu          | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Dust and fume as Cu | TWA           | 1 mg/m3   | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (06 2015)  |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Dust and mist as Cu | 8 HR ACL      | 1 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Fume as Cu          | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 0.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Dust and mist as Cu | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 3 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Fume as Cu          | 8 HR ACL      | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Dust and mist as Cu | TWA           | 1 mg/m3   | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Fume as Cu          | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
|   | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (08 2017)  |

## Occupational Exposure Limits: Mexico

| Chemical Identity  | Туре    | Exposure Limit Values | Source   |
|--|---------|-----------------------|--|
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction<br>as Ni                                 | VLE-PPT | 1.5 mg/m3             | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Chromium and chromium<br>alloys or compounds (as Cr)                 | VLE-PPT | 0.5 mg/m3             | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
|  | VLE-PPT | 0.05 mg/m3            | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
|  | VLE-PPT | 0.01 mg/m3            | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Cobalt and compounds (as<br>Co) - as Co                              | VLE-PPT | 0.02 mg/m3            | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Molybdenum - Respirable<br>fraction as Mo                            | VLE-PPT | 0.5 mg/m3             | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum<br>alloys (as Al) - Respirable<br>fraction. | VLE-PPT | 1 mg/m3               | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Iron - as Fe   | VLE-PPT | 1 mg/m3               | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;                                      |



|   |         |           | Assessment and Control) (04 2014)  |
|---|---------|-----------|--|
| Manganese - as Mn   | VLE-PPT | 0.2 mg/m3 | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Fume as Cu          | VLE-PPT | 0.2 mg/m3 | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Copper and/or copper alloys<br>and compounds (as Cu) -<br>Dust and mist as Cu | VLE-PPT | 1 mg/m3   | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |

#### **Biological Limit Values: US**

| Chemical Identity  | Exposure Limit Values | Source              |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Cobalt and compounds (as<br>Co) (Cobalt: Sampling time:<br>End of shift at end of work<br>week.) | 15 μg/l (Urine)       | ACGIH BEI (03 2015) |

#### **Biological Limit Values: Mexico**

| Chemical Identity  | Exposure Limit Values | Source           |
|--|-----------------------|------------------|
| Cobalt and compounds (as<br>Co) (Cobalt: Sampling time:<br>End of shift at end of work<br>week.) | 15 μg/l (Urine)       | MX IBE (06 2012) |
|  | 1 μg/l (Blood)        | MX IBE (06 2012) |

#### Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: US

| Chemical Identity | Type Exposure Limit Value |            | mit Values   | Source  |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------|--------------|---|
| Carbon dioxide    | TWA                       | 5,000 ppm  |              | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)  |
|                   | STEL                      | 30,000 ppm |              | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)  |
|                   | PEL                       | 5,000 ppm  | 9,000 mg/m3  | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006) |
|                   | STEL                      | 30,000 ppm | 54,000 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2005)                             |
|                   | REL                       | 5,000 ppm  | 9,000 mg/m3  | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2005)                             |
|                   | IDLH                      | 40,000 ppm |              | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to<br>Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)     |
| Carbon monoxide   | TWA                       | 25 ppm     |              | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)  |
|                   | PEL                       | 50 ppm     | 55 mg/m3     | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006) |
|                   | REL                       | 35 ppm     | 40 mg/m3     | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2005)                             |
|                   | Ceil_Time                 | 200 ppm    | 229 mg/m3    | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2005)                             |
|                   | IDLH                      | 1,200 ppm  |              | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to<br>Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)     |
| Nitrogen dioxide  | TWA                       | 0.2 ppm    |              | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)  |
|                   | Ceiling                   | 5 ppm      | 9 mg/m3      | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006) |
|                   | STEL                      | 1 ppm      | 1.8 mg/m3    | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                |
|                   | IDLH                      | 20 ppm     |              | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to<br>Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)     |
|                   | IDLH                      | 13 ppm     |              | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to<br>Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)     |
| Ozone             | PEL                       | 0.1 ppm    | 0.2 mg/m3    | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air   |



|   |              |          |              | Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)  |
|---|--------------|----------|--------------|--|
|   | Ceil_Time    | 0.1 ppm  | 0.2 mg/m3    | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2005)                              |
|   | TWA          | 0.05 ppm |              | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)   |
|   | TWA          | 0.20 ppm |              | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)   |
|   | TWA          | 0.10 ppm |              | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)   |
|   | TWA          | 0.08 ppm |              | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)   |
|   | IDLH         | 5 ppm    |              | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to<br>Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)      |
| Chromium (VI)                                   | TWA          |          | 0.005 mg/m3  | US. OSHA Specifically Regulated<br>Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)<br>(02 2006) |
|   | OSHA_AC<br>T |          | 0.0025 mg/m3 | US. OSHA Specifically Regulated<br>Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)<br>(02 2006) |
|   | Ceiling      |          | 0.1 mg/m3    | US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)<br>(02 2006)                                 |
| Chromium (VI) - as Cr(VI)                       | REL          |          | 0.0002 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2016)                              |
| Chromium (VI) - Inhalable<br>fraction as Cr(VI) | TWA          |          | 0.0002 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2018)   |
|   | TWA          |          | 0.0002 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2018)   |
|   | STEL         |          | 0.0005 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2018)   |
|   | STEL         |          | 0.0005 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2018)   |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction.                    | TWA          |          | 1.5 mg/m3    | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)   |
| Nickel - as Ni                                  | PEL          |          | 1 mg/m3      | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006)  |
|   | REL          |          | 0.015 mg/m3  | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2005)                              |
| Nickel  | IDLH         |          | 10 mg/m3     | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to<br>Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)      |
| Chromium oxide - as Cr                          | PEL          |          | 0.5 mg/m3    | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006)  |
| Chromium oxide - Inhalable fraction as Cr(III)  | TWA          |          | 0.003 mg/m3  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2018)   |
| Chromium oxide - as Cr(III)                     | REL          |          | 0.5 mg/m3    | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2016)                              |
| Chromium oxide                                  | IDLH         |          | 25 mg/m3     | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to<br>Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)      |

## Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: Canada

| Chemical Identity | Туре | Exposure Li | mit Values   | Source  |
|-------------------|------|-------------|--------------|---|
| Carbon dioxide    | STEL | 30,000 ppm  | 54,000 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                   | TWA  | 5,000 ppm   | 9,000 mg/m3  | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                   | TWA  | 5,000 ppm   |              | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
|                   | STEL | 15,000 ppm  |              | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |



|                  | TWA           | 5,000 ppm  |              | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
|------------------|---------------|------------|--------------|---|
|                  | STEL          | 30,000 ppm |              | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
|                  | STEL          | 30,000 ppm |              | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (11 2010)  |
|                  | TWA           | 5,000 ppm  |              | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (11 2010)  |
|                  | 8 HR ACL      | 5,000 ppm  |              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                  | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 30,000 ppm |              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                  | TWA           | 5,000 ppm  | 9,000 mg/m3  | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labo<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)   |
|                  | STEL          | 30,000 ppm | 54,000 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labo<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)   |
| Carbon monoxide  | TWA           | 25 ppm     | 29 mg/m3     | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                  | TWA           | 25 ppm     |              | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
|                  | STEL          | 100 ppm    |              | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
|                  | TWA           | 25 ppm     |              | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)   |
|                  | TWA           | 25 ppm     |              | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (07 2010)  |
|                  | 8 HR ACL      | 25 ppm     |              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                  | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 190 ppm    |              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                  | TWA           | 35 ppm     | 40 mg/m3     | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labc<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)   |
|                  | STEL          | 200 ppm    | 230 mg/m3    | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labo<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)   |
| Nitrogen dioxide | STEL          | 5 ppm      | 9.4 mg/m3    | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                  | TWA           | 3 ppm      | 5.6 mg/m3    | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                  | CEILING       | 1 ppm      |              | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
|                  | TWA           | 0.2 ppm    |              | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2012)   |
|                  | STEL          | 5 ppm      |              | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical   |



|                       |               |          |            | Agents) (11 2010)   |
|-----------------------|---------------|----------|------------|---|
|                       | TWA           | 3 ppm    |            | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (11 2010)  |
|                       | 8 HR ACL      | 3 ppm    |            | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                       | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 5 ppm    |            | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                       | TWA           | 3 ppm    | 5.6 mg/m3  | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Ozone                 | STEL          | 0.3 ppm  | 0.6 mg/m3  | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                       | TWA           | 0.1 ppm  | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                       | TWA           | 0.05 ppm |            | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
|                       | TWA           | 0.1 ppm  |            | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
|                       | TWA           | 0.08 ppm |            | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
|                       | TWA           | 0.2 ppm  |            | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
|                       | TWA           | 0.1 ppm  | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (07 2010)  |
|                       | STEL          | 0.3 ppm  | 0.6 mg/m3  | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (07 2010)  |
|                       | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 0.15 ppm |            | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                       | 8 HR ACL      | 0.05 ppm |            | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                       | CEILING       | 0.1 ppm  | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (12 2008)  |
|                       | TWA           | 0.20 ppm |            | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
|                       | TWA           | 0.05 ppm |            | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
|                       | TWA           | 0.08 ppm |            | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
|                       | TWA           | 0.10 ppm |            | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
| Chromium (VI) - as Cr | TWA           |          | 0.01 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                       | TWA           |          | 0.05 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table   |



|  |               |              | 2) (07 2009)  |
|--|---------------|--------------|---|
|  | TWA           | 0.025 mg/m3  | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
|  | CEILING       | 0.1 mg/m3    | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (07 2007) |
|  | TWA           | 0.05 mg/m3   | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (11 2010)  |
|  | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 0.03 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|  | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 0.15 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|  | 8 HR ACL      | 0.01 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|  | 8 HR ACL      | 0.05 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|  | TWA           | 0.05 mg/m3   | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
|  | TWA           | 0.01 mg/m3   | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Chromium (VI) - Inhalable fraction as Cr(VI) | STEL          | 0.0005 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2018)  |
|  | STEL          | 0.0005 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2018)  |
|  | TWA           | 0.0002 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2018)  |
|  | TWA           | 0.0002 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2018)  |
| Nickel                                       | TWA           | 1.5 mg/m3    | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|  | TWA           | 0.05 mg/m3   | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (05 2013) |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction.                 | TWA           | 1.5 mg/m3    | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction<br>as Ni         | 8 HR ACL      | 1.5 mg/m3    | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|  | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 3 mg/m3      | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|  | TWA           | 1 mg/m3      | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (06 2015)  |
| Nickel                                       | TWA           | 1 mg/m3      | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Chromium oxide - as Cr                       | TWA           | 0.5 mg/m3    | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|  | TWA           | 0.5 mg/m3    | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of   |



|  |               |             | Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)  |
|--|---------------|-------------|---|
|  | 8 HR ACL      | 0.5 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|  | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 1.5 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|  | TWA           | 0.5 mg/m3   | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor<br>- Regulation Respecting the Quality of the<br>Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Chromium oxide - as Cr(III)                    | TWA           | 0.5 mg/m3   | Canada. British Columbia OELs.<br>(Occupational Exposure Limits for<br>Chemical Substances, Occupational<br>Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as<br>amended) (06 2017) |
| Chromium oxide - Inhalable fraction as Cr(III) | TWA           | 0.003 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2018)  |

#### Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: Mexico

| Chemical Identity                    | Туре    | Exposure Limit Values | Source   |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|--|
| Carbon dioxide                       | VLE-CT  | 30,000 ppm            | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
|                                      | VLE-PPT | 5,000 ppm             | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Carbon monoxide                      | VLE-PPT | 25 ppm                | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Nitrogen dioxide                     | VLE-PPT | 0.2 ppm               | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Ozone                                | VLE-P   | 0.1 ppm               | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Chromium (VI)                        | VLE-PPT | 0.05 mg/m3            | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction<br>as Ni | VLE-PPT | 1.5 mg/m3             | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Chromium oxide                       | VLE-PPT | 0.5 mg/m3             | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |

#### Appropriate Engineering Controls

General information:

**Ventilation:** Use enough ventilation and local exhaust at the arc, flame or heat source to keep the fumes and gases from the worker's breathing zone and the general area. Train the operator to keep their head out of the fumes. **Keep exposure as low as possible.** 

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Exposure Guidelines:** To reduce the potential for overexposure, use controls such as adequate ventilation and personal protective equipment (PPE). Overexposure refers to exceeding applicable local limits, the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration's (OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs). Workplace exposure levels should be established by competent industrial hygiene assessments. Unless exposure levels are confirmed to be below the applicable local limit, TLV or PEL, whichever is lower, respirator use is required. Absent these controls, overexposure to one or more compound constituents, including those in the fume or airborne particles, may occur resulting in potential health hazards. According to the ACGIH, TLVs and



|                                     | Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) "represent conditions under which ACGIH believes that nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse health effects." The ACGIH further states that the TLV-TWA should be used as a guide in the control of health hazards and should not be used to indicate a fine line between safe and dangerous exposures. See Section 10 for information on constituents which have some potential to present health hazards. Welding consumables and materials being joined may contain chromium as an unintended trace element. Materials that contain chromium may produce some amount of hexavalent chromium (CrVI) and other chromium compounds as a byproduct in the fume. In 2018, the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) lowered the Threshold Limit Value (TLV) for hexavalent chromium from 50 micrograms per cubic meter of air (50 µg/m <sup>3</sup> ) to 0.2 µg/m <sup>3</sup> . At these new limits, CrVI exposures at or above the TLV may be possible in cases where adequate ventilation is not provided. CrVI compounds are on the IARC and NTP lists as posing a lung cancer and sinus cancer risk. Workplace conditions are unique and welding fume exposures are below applicable limits and to make recommendations when necessary for preventing overexposures. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Eye/face protection:                | Wear helmet or use face shield with filter lens shade number 12 or darker<br>for open arc processes – or follow the recommendations as specified in<br>ANSI Z49.1, Section 4, based on your process and settings. No specific<br>lens shade recommendation for submerged arc or electroslag processes.<br>Shield others by providing appropriate screens and flash goggles.  |
| Skin Protection<br>Hand Protection: | Wear protective gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.  |
| Other:                              | <b>Protective Clothing:</b> Wear hand, head, and body protection which help to prevent injury from radiation, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks and electrical shock. See Z49.1. At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and a protective face shield when welding, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, as well as dark substantial clothing when welding, brazing and soldering. Wear dry gloves free of holes or split seams. Train the operator not to permit electrically live parts or electrodes from contacting the skin or clothing or gloves if they are wet. Insulate yourself from the work piece and ground using dry plywood, rubber mats or other dry insulation.   |
| Respiratory Protection:             | Keep your head out of fumes. Use enough ventilation and local exhaust to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. An approved respirator should be used unless exposure assessments are below applicable exposure limits.   |
| Hygiene measures:                   | Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed by taking an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. Improve ventilation if exposures are not below limits. See ANSI/AWS F1.1, F1.2, F1.3 and F1.5, available from the American Welding Society, www.aws.org.  |



## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance:                       | Solid welding wire or rod. |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Physical state:                   | Solid                      |
| Form:                             | Solid                      |
| Color:                            | No data available.         |
| Odor:                             | No data available.         |
| Odor threshold:                   | No data available.         |
| pH:                               | No data available.         |
| Melting point/freezing point:     | No data available.         |
| Initial boiling point and boiling | No data available.         |
| range:                            |                            |
| Flash Point:                      | No data available.         |
| Evaporation rate:                 | No data available.         |
| Flammability (solid, gas):        | No data available.         |
| Upper/lower limit on flammability | y or explosive limits      |
| Flammability limit - upper (%):   | No data available.         |
| Flammability limit - lower (%):   | No data available.         |
| Explosive limit - upper (%):      | No data available.         |
| Explosive limit - lower (%):      | No data available.         |
| Vapor pressure:                   | No data available.         |
| Vapor density:                    | No data available.         |
| Density:                          | No data available.         |
| Relative density:                 | No data available.         |
| Solubility(ies)                   |                            |
| Solubility in water:              | No data available.         |
| Solubility (other):               | No data available.         |
| Partition coefficient (n-         | No data available.         |
| octanol/water):                   |                            |
| Auto-ignition temperature:        | No data available.         |
| Decomposition temperature:        | No data available.         |
| Viscosity:                        | No data available.         |
|                                   |                            |

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

| Reactivity:                          | The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.  |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical Stability:                  | Material is stable under normal conditions.   |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions:  | None under normal conditions.   |
| Conditions to avoid:                 | Avoid heat or contamination.  |
| Incompatible Materials:              | Strong acids. Strong oxidizing substances. Strong bases.  |
| Hazardous Decomposition<br>Products: | Fumes and gases from welding and its allied processes such as brazing<br>and soldering cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of<br>both are dependent upon the metal to which the joining or hot work is<br>applied, the process, procedure - and where applicable - the electrode or |



consumable used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coatings on the metal being welded or worked (such as paint, plating, or galvanizing), the number of operators and the volume of the work area, the quality and amount of ventilation, the position of the operator's head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities.)

In cases where an electrode or other applied material is consumed, the fume and gas decomposition products generated are different in percent and form from the ingredients listed in Section 3. Decomposition products of normal operation include those originating from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the materials shown in Section 3, plus those from the base metal and coating, etc., as noted above. Reasonably expected fume constituents produced during arc welding and brazing include the oxides of iron, manganese and other metals present in the welding consumable or base metal. Hexavalent chromium compounds may be in the welding or brazing fume of consumables or base metals which contain chromium. Gaseous and particulate fluoride may be in the fume of consumables or flux materials which contain fluoride. Gaseous reaction products may include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc associated with welding.

#### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

| General information: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IA welding fumes and ultraviolet radiation from welding a humans (Group 1). According to IARC, welding fume lung and positive associations have been observed were kidney. Also according to IARC, ultraviolet radiation for ocular melanoma. IARC identifies gouging, brazing, or arc cutting, and soldering as processes closely relate and understand the manufacturer's instructions, Safe the precautionary labels before using this product. | are carcinogenic to<br>es cause cancer of the<br>with cancer of the<br>from welding causes<br>carbon arc or plasma<br>ed to welding. Read |
|--|---|
|--|---|

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

| Inhalation:   | Potential chronic health hazards related to the use of welding consumables are most applicable to the inhalation route of exposure. Refer to Inhalation statements in Section 11. |
|---------------|---|
| Skin Contact: | Arc rays can burn skin. Skin cancer has been reported.  |

**Eye contact:** Arc rays can injure eyes.

Ingestion: Health injuries from ingestion are not known or expected under normal use.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Inhalation: | Short-term (acute) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and<br>allied processes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever,<br>dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May<br>aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema).<br>Long-term (chronic) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and<br>allied processes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central<br>nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects. |
|-------------|--|
|             |  |



| Information on toxicological effect<br>Acute toxicity (list all possible |   |
|--|---|
| Oral   |   |
| Product:   | Not classified  |
| Specified substance(s):<br>Cobalt and compounds<br>(as Co)               | LD 50 (Rat): 550 mg/kg  |
| Iron<br>Copper and/or copper<br>alloys and compounds<br>(as Cu)          | LD 50 (Rat): 98.6 g/kg<br>LD 50 (Rat): 481 mg/kg  |
| Dermal   |   |
| Product:   | Not classified  |
| Inhalation   |   |
| Product:<br>Specified substance(s):                                      | Not classified  |
| Cobalt and compounds<br>(as Co)  | LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): <= 0.05 mg/l  |
| Aluminum and/or<br>aluminum alloys (as Al)                               | LC 50 (Rat, 1 h): 7.6 mg/l  |
| Repeated dose toxicity<br>Product:                                       | Not classified  |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation<br>Product:                                    | Not classified  |
| Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation<br>Product:                            | Not classified  |
| Respiratory or Skin Sensitization<br>Product:                            | Not classified  |
| Carcinogenicity  |   |
| Product:   | Arc rays: Skin cancer has been reported.  |
| IARC Monographs on the E<br>Nickel<br>Cobalt and<br>compounds (as Co)    | Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:<br>Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans.<br>Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| US. National Toxicology Pr   | rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:   |
| Nickel<br>Cobalt and<br>compounds (as Co)                                | Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.<br>Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.  |
| US. OSHA Specifically Reg<br>No carcinogenic components                  | julated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):<br>s identified   |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity<br>In vitro                                       |   |
| Product:   | Not classified  |
| In vivo<br>Product:  | Not classified  |



| Reproductive toxicity<br>Product:               | Not classified  |
|---|---|
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity                  | - Single Exposure   |
| Product:  | Not classified  |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity                  | - Repeated Exposure   |
| Product:  | Not classified  |
| Aspiration Hazard<br>Product:<br>Other effects: | Not classified<br>Organic polymers may be used in the manufacture of various welding<br>consumables. Overexposure to their decomposition byproducts may result<br>in a condition known as polymer fume fever. Polymer fume fever usually<br>occurs within 4 to 8 hours of exposure with the presentation of flu like<br>symptoms, including mild pulmonary irritation with or without an increase in<br>body temperature. Signs of exposure can include an increase in white<br>blood cell count. Resolution of symptoms typically occurs quickly, usually<br>not lasting longer than 48 hours. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics under the condition of use

| Inhalation:<br>Specified substance( |   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Chromium (VI)                       | Chromates may cause ulceration, perforation of the nasal septum, and<br>severe irritation of the bronchial tubes and lungs. Liver damage and<br>allergic reactions, including skin rash, have been reported. Asthma has<br>been reported in some sensitized individuals. Skin contact may result in<br>irritation, ulceration, sensitization, and contact dermatitis. Chromates<br>contain the hexavalent form of chromium. Hexavalent chromium and its<br>compounds are on the IARC (International Agency for Research on<br>Cancer) and NTP (National Toxicology Program) lists as posing a cancer<br>risk to humans. |
| Nickel                              | Nickel and its compounds are on the IARC and NTP lists as posing respiratory cancer risk, and are skin sensitizers with symptoms ranging from slight itch to severe dermatitis.   |

#### Additional toxicological Information under the conditions of use:

| Acute toxicity<br>Oral<br>Specified substance(s):<br>Chromium (VI)<br>Inhalation<br>Specified substance(s): | LD 50 (Rat): 27 - 59 mg/kg      |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide  | LC Lo (Human, 5 min): 90000 ppm |
| Carbon monoxide   | LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 1300 ppm      |
| Nitrogen dioxide  | LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 88 ppm        |
| Ozone   | LC Lo (Human, 30 min): 50 ppm   |
| Chromium (VI)   | LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 33 - 70 mg/m3 |

## IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans: Specified substance(s):

| pecilieu substance(s). |  |
|------------------------|--|
| Chromium (VI)          | Overall evaluation: 1. Carcinogenic to humans.                           |
| Nickel                 | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans.                 |
| Chromium oxide         | Overall evaluation: 3. Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |
|                        |  |



#### US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:

Specified substance(s):<br/>Chromium (VI)<br/>NickelKnown To Be Human Carcinogen.<br/>Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

#### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

Specified substance(s): Chromium (VI)

#### Cancer

| Other effects:<br>Specified substance(s): |                                    |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide                            | Asphyxia                           |
| Carbon monoxide                           | Carboxyhemoglobinemia              |
| Nitrogen dioxide                          | Lower respiratory tract irritation |
| Nickel                                    | Dermatitis Pneumoconiosis          |

#### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Ecotoxicity

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

| Fish  |  |
|---|--|
| Product:  | Not classified   |
| Specified substance(s):<br>Nickel<br>Cobalt and compounds<br>(as Co)<br>Molybdenum<br>Aluminum and/or<br>aluminum alloys (as Al)<br>Copper and/or copper<br>alloys and compounds<br>(as Cu) | LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): 2.916 mg/l<br>LC 50 (Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), 28 d): ><br>0.17 - < 15.61 mg/l<br>LC 50 (Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), 96 h): 800<br>mg/l<br>LC 50 (Grass carp, white amur (Ctenopharyngodon idella), 96 h): 0.21 -<br>0.31 mg/l<br>LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): 1.6 mg/l |
| Aquatic Invertebrates<br>Product:<br>Specified substance(s):<br>Nickel<br>Manganese<br>Copper and/or copper<br>alloys and compounds<br>(as Cu)  | Not classified<br>EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 1 mg/l<br>EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 40 mg/l<br>EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 0.102 mg/l  |
| Chronic hazards to the aquatic<br>Fish  | environment:   |
| Product:  | Not classified   |
| Aquatic Invertebrates<br>Product:   | Not classified   |
| Toxicity to Aquatic Plants<br>Product:<br>Specified substance(s):<br>Copper and/or copper<br>alloys and compounds<br>(as Cu)  | Not classified<br>LC 50 (Green algae (Scenedesmus dimorphus), 3 d): 0.0623 mg/l  |

#### Persistence and Degradability



| Biodegradation<br>Product:  | No data available.  |
|---|---|
| Bioaccumulative potential<br>Bioconcentration Factor (BC<br>Product:<br>Specified substance(s): | F)<br>No data available.  |
| Nickel  | Zebra mussel (Dreissena polymorpha), Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 5,000 - 10,000 (Lotic) Bioconcentration factor calculated using dry weight tissue conc                        |
| Cobalt and compounds<br>(as Co)<br>Copper and/or copper<br>alloys and compounds<br>(as Cu)      | Brown shrimp (Penaeus aztecus), Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): > 2,250 - < 2,500 (Static)<br>Blue-green algae (Anacystis nidulans), Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 36.01 (Static) |
| Mobility in soil:   | No data available.  |

## 13. Disposal considerations

| General information:    | The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever<br>possible. When practical, recycle in an environmentally acceptable,<br>regulatory compliant manner. Dispose of non-recyclable products in<br>accordance with all applicable Federal, State, Provincial, and Local<br>requirements.  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Disposal instructions:  | Disposal of this product may be regulated as a Hazardous Waste. The welding consumable and/or by-product from the welding process (including, but not limited to slag, dust, etc.) may contain levels of leachable heavy metals such as Barium or Chromium. Prior to disposal, a representative sample must be analyzed in accordance with US EPA's Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) to determine if any constituents exist above regulated threshold levels. Discard any product, residue, disposable container, or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner according to Federal, State and Local Regulations. |
| Contaminated Packaging: | Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.   |

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

| <b>DOT</b><br>UN Number:                               |                  |
|--|------------------|
| UN Proper Shipping Name:<br>Transport Hazard Class(es) | NOT DG REGULATED |
| Class:   | NR               |
| Label(s):<br>Packing Group:                            |                  |
| Marine Pollutant:                                      | No               |
| IMDG<br>UN Number:                                     |                  |
| UN Proper Shipping Name:<br>Transport Hazard Class(es) | NOT DG REGULATED |
| Class:   | NR               |
| Label(s):  | -                |



| EmS No.:<br>Packing Group:<br>Marine Pollutant:  | –<br>No                                |
|--|--|
| IATA<br>UN Number:<br>Proper Shipping Name:<br>Transport Hazard Class(es):<br>Class:<br>Label(s):  | NOT DG REGULATED<br>NR<br>–            |
| Packing Group:<br>Marine Pollutant:<br>Cargo aircraft only:  | –<br>No<br>Allowed.                    |
| <b>TDG</b><br>UN Number:<br>UN Proper Shipping Name:<br>Transport Hazard Class(es)<br>Class:<br>Label(s):<br>Packing Group:<br>Marine Pollutant: | NOT DG REGULATED<br>NR<br>–<br>–<br>No |

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **US Federal Regulations**

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

| Chemical Identity                                    | Reportable quantity   |
|--|---|
| Nickel   | 100lbs.   |
| Chromium and chromium alloys or<br>compounds (as Cr) | 5000lbs.  |
| Cobalt and compounds (as Co)                         | Included in the regulation but with no data values. See regulation for further details. |
| Manganese  | Included in the regulation but with no data values. See regulation for further details. |
| Copper and/or copper alloys and<br>compounds (as Cu) | 5000lbs.  |

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Not classified Not classified

## SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

| SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification              |                     |  |
|--|---------------------|--|
| Chemical Identity                                    | Reportable quantity |  |
| Nickel   | 100 lbs.            |  |
| Chromium and chromium alloys or<br>compounds (as Cr) | 5000 lbs.           |  |

Included in the regulation but with no data values. See

Included in the regulation but with no data values. See

regulation for further details.

regulation for further details.

5000 lbs.



Cobalt and compounds (as Co)

Manganese

Copper and/or copper alloys and compounds (as Cu)

## SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

| Chemical Identity                   | Threshold Planning Quantity |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Nickel                              | 10000 lbs                   |
| Chromium and chromium alloys or     | 10000 lbs                   |
| compounds (as Cr)                   |                             |
| Cobalt and compounds (as Co)        | 10000 lbs                   |
| Molybdenum                          | 10000 lbs                   |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum alloys (as | 10000 lbs                   |
| AI)                                 |                             |
| Iron                                | 10000 lbs                   |
| Manganese                           | 10000 lbs                   |
| Titanium                            | 10000 lbs                   |
| Silicon                             | 10000 lbs                   |
| Copper and/or copper alloys and     | 10000 lbs                   |
| compounds (as Cu)                   |                             |

#### SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

|  | Reporting threshold | <u>Reporting threshold for</u> |
|--|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| Chemical Identity                                    | for other users     | manufacturing and processing   |
| Nickel   | 10000 lbs           | 25000 lbs.                     |
| Chromium and chromium alloys or<br>compounds (as Cr) | 10000 lbs           | 25000 lbs.                     |
| Cobalt and compounds (as Co)                         | 10000 lbs           | 25000 lbs.                     |
| Aluminum and/or aluminum alloys (as<br>Al)           | 10000 lbs           | 25000 lbs.                     |

#### Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

## US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65



#### WARNING

Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

**WARNING:** This product contains or produces a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq.) **WARNING:** Cancer and Reproductive Harm – www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act <u>Chemical Identity</u> Nickel Chromium and chromium alloys or compounds (as Cr) Cobalt and compounds (as Co) Molybdenum Aluminum and/or aluminum alloys (as Al)



| US. Massachusetts RTK - Sul<br>Chemical Identity   | ostance List  |
|--|---|
| Nickel<br>Chromium and chromium  | alloys or compounds (as Cr)   |
| Cobalt and compounds (as   | alloys or compounds (as Cr)   |
| Molybdenum<br>Aluminum and/or aluminu  | m alloys (as Al)  |
| US. Rhode Island RTK<br>No ingredient regulated by   | RI Right-to-Know Law present.   |
| Canada Federal Regulations<br>List of Toxic Substances (CE                                       | PA, Schedule 1)   |
| <u>Chemical Identity</u><br>Aluminum and/or<br>aluminum alloys (as Al)                           |   |
| Export Control List (CEPA 19<br>Not Regulated  | 99, Schedule 3)   |
| National Pollutant Release In<br>Canada. National Pollutar<br>Reporting Requirements<br>NPRI PT5 | ventory (NPRI)<br>nt Release Inventory (NPRI) Substances, Part 5, VOCs with Additional<br>Not Regulated |
| -  | nt Release Inventory (NPRI) (Schedule 1, Parts 1-4)<br>Not Regulated                                    |
| Greenhouse Gases<br>Not Regulated  |   |
| Controlled Drugs and Substa<br>CA CDSI   | nces Act<br>Not Regulated   |
| CA CDSII   | Not Regulated   |
| CA CDSIII  | Not Regulated   |
| CA CDSIV   | Not Regulated   |
| CA CDSV  | Not Regulated   |
| CA CDSVII  | Not Regulated   |
| CA CDSVIII   | Not Regulated   |
| Precursor Control Regulation<br>Not Regulated  | IS  |
| Mexico. Substances subject to re   | porting for the pollutant release and transfer registry (PRTR): Not applicable                          |

## Inventory Status:

| Australia AICS:            |
|----------------------------|
| Canada DSL Inventory List: |
| EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:     |

On or in compliance with the inventory On or in compliance with the inventory On or in compliance with the inventory



| China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:<br>Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):<br>Canada NDSL Inventory:<br>Philippines PICCS:<br>US TSCA Inventory:<br>New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:<br>Japan ISHL Listing:<br>Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:<br>Mexico INSQ:<br>Ontario Inventory: | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.<br>On or in compliance with the inventory<br>On or in compliance with the inventory<br>One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.<br>On or in compliance with the inventory<br>On or in compliance with the inventory<br>On or in compliance with the inventory<br>One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.<br>One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.<br>One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.<br>One or in compliance with the inventory<br>On or in compliance with the inventory |
|---|--|
|---|--|

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Definitions:**

| Revision Date:       | 07/12/2019   |
|----------------------|--|
| Further Information: | Additional information is available by request.  |
| Disclaimer:          | The Lincoln Electric Company urges each end user and recipient of this SDS to study it carefully. See also www.lincolnelectric.com/safety. If necessary, consult an industrial hygienist or other expert to understand this information and safeguard the environment and protect workers from potential hazards associated with the handling or use of this product. This information is believed to be accurate as of the revision date shown above. However, no warranty, expressed or implied, is given. Because the conditions or methods of use are beyond Lincoln Electric's control, we assume no liability resulting from the use of this product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. Compliance with all applicable Federal, State, Provincial, and local laws and regulations remain the responsibility of the user. |
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